Simple present/Present continuous

Here are some more ways we use the simple present:

1 To give instructions/directions

First, you **boil** some water and then you **add** the noodles and cook them for three minutes.

When you exit the MTR station, cross King's Road and go two blocks down.

- 2 To make promisesI promise to be very careful with your digital camera.I swear never to let you down.
- 3 To tell stories (for immediacy)Then she goes to the door and opens it and the monster pops out!She finishes her homework and then the phone rings.

Here are some more ways we use the present continuous:

- To talk about ongoing changes
 You are getting fatter and fatter.
 He is becoming a responsible young man.
- 2 To talk about repeated actionsThat boy is kicking the back of my chair.The cat is scratching that sofa to pieces.
- 3 To talk about background events in a story Then she goes to the door and opens it and the monster is standing there! She is doing her homework and the phone rings.

Simple present	Present continuous
For permanent situations	For temporary situations
She lives in Quarry Bay.	She is staying in the Kowloon Hotel.
For repeated actions not connected to the moment of speaking	For repeated actions connected to the moment of speaking
She takes dancing lessons on Monday evenings.	She is taking dancing lessons now but before she took Putonghua lessons.
For future events in an itinerary	For planned future events
We arrive in Shanghai at 2.30 p.m.	We are going to Shanghai next week.
For illnesses/physical states	For physical states only
I have a cold./My head aches.	My head is aching .
For preferences/opinions	For feelings we are experiencing now
l love pizza.	I am enjoying every bite of this delicious pizza.

Here are some differences in how we use the simple present and the present continuous:

Nan	ne:	Class:	Date: _	
	nplete the sentences with sent or the present contir		of the verbs in brackets. Use the sin /21 marks)	mple
1	My brother		_ (like) this CD very much.	
2	Не	(travel	l) in China this summer.	
3	We	(go) to	o lunch now. Would you like to	o join us?
4	We always		_ (visit) Grandma on Sundays.	
5	In this photo, we		(play) volleyball on th	e beach.
6	Ι	(play) te	ennis every day.	
7	My father can't com	e to the phone no	ow. He	(take) a shower
8	My father		(work) as an accountant in a l	oig company.
9	I think this pen		(cost) HK\$8.	
10	I can't play online ga to do his homework	-	other	(use) the compu
11	A: y B: Yes, I		(do) your homework no	w?
12	This photo was taken on his shoulders.	n when I was thre	ee. My father	(carry) m
13	People	always	(buy) new mobile	phones.
14	Can you see Anna? S	She	(stand) at the bu	ıs stop.
15	you s	still	(watch) TV?	
16	A:t	hey	(go) to Ocean Park on Su	nday?
	B : No, they			
17	She often		(miss) class because of illness.	

Nan	ne:	_ Class:		Date:	
	nplete the sentences with the sentences with the sent or the present continuc			Ise the simp	ple
1	My brother	likes	(like) this CD very r	nuch.	
2	He is travelling	(travel) in	n China this summe	er.	
3	We are going	(go) to lu	unch now. Would y	ou like to j	join us?
4	We always	visit (1	visit) Grandma on S	undays.	
5	In this photo, we	are playing	(play) volleyb	all on the	beach.
6	Iplay	(play) tenn	is every day.		
7	My father can't come t	o the phone now.	He is tak	ng	(take) a shower
8	My father	orks (M	vork) as an accounta	nt in a big	g company.
9	I think this pen	costs	(cost) HK\$8.		
10	I can't play online gam to do his homework.	es now. My broth	eris usin	3	_ (use) the compu
11	A: <u>Are</u> you B: Yes, I <u></u>		(do) your home	work now	?
12	This photo was taken work on his shoulders.	vhen I was three.	My fatheri	5 carrying	(carry) m
13	Peopleare	always buy	ing (buy) nev	v mobile p	phones.
14	Can you see Anna? She	is stand	ling (stand)	at the bus	stop.
15	Are you stil	1watching	(watch) TV?		
	A: <u>Are</u> the B: No, they <u>are</u>	ygoing	(go) to Ocean Pa	rk on Sunc	lay?
17	She oftenmi			illness.	
	A: you				

	Nan	าe:	Class:		Date:	
00	pres	pplete the sentences v ent continuous tense. e. (/21 mark	You can use some		the simple present or the box more than	
	1	My brother		this CD ve	erv much.	buy stand carry take
	2	Ну лонне				cost travel do use
						go visit like watch
	3	We join us?	to	iunch now. wo	uid you like to	miss work play
	4	We always		Grandma c	on Sundays.	
	5	In this photo, we		volle	eyball on the beach	
	6	Ι	tenn	is every day.		
	7	My father can't co	ome to the phone	e now. He		a shower.
	8	My father		as an accou	ntant in a big comp	oany.
	9	I think this pen _		HK\$8	•	
	10	I can't play online his homework.	e games now. My	brother		_ the computer to do
	11	A: B: Yes, I			homework now?	
	12					me on his
	13	People	always		new mobile phone	s.
	14	Can you see Anna	1? She		_ at the bus stop.	
	15	yc	ou still	TV?		
	16	A:	_ they	to Ocea	an Park on Sunday?	
		B : No, they				
	17	She often		class becaus	e of illness.	
	18	A:	_ you	Kelly Cl	han's songs?	
		B : Yes, I				

	Graded grammar worksheets			Answers				PROGRESS 4 Unit 1		
	Nan	าe:			Class:			Date:		
D D	pres	•	ıs tense.	You can			in the simple p om the box moi			
	1	My brothe	r	like	85	this CD	very much.		buy carry	stand take
	2	Не	is trav	elling	in Chi	ina this su	mmer.		cost do	travel use
	3	We join us?	are g	oing	to lun	ich now. V	Vould you like	to	go like miss play	visit watch work
	4	,		visi	t	Grandm	a on Sundays.		piay	
		-					olleyball on th	a haaah		
		-					Sheyball off th	e Deach.		
	6	Ι								
	7						is takin			r.
	8	My father		work	5	as an acc	ountant in a b	ig compa	any.	
	9	I think this	s pen		costs	НК	\$8.			
	10	I can't play his homew		games 1	now. My bro	other	is using		the comp	uter to do
	11	A:A	re	_ you	doing	you	ır homework 1	now?		
					·					
	12	This photo shoulders.	was tal	ken whe	n I was thre	e. My fath	neris	carrying	m	e on his
	13	People	are	alw	aysb	uying	new mobile	e phones		
	14	Can you se	e Anna	? She	is sta	anding	at the bus	s stop.		
	15	Are								
	16						cean Park on S	Sunday?		
				-	lare not			, all aug t		
	17						use of illness.			
	18						Chan's songs?	•		
						-	't/does not			

Name:	Class:	Date:

Decide which of the choices below would best complete the article if inserted in the blanks. Circle the appropriate letters. (_____/15 marks)

Too Much Fast Food?

According to a recent survey, Hong Kong consumers are <u>(1)</u> more money on convenience foods since the economic downturn. Because companies are trying to make do with fewer staff, employees are <u>(2)</u> harder than ever before. More women <u>(3)</u> joining the workforce as well. They <u>(4)</u> less time to prepare nutritious home-cooked meals for their families. Instead, families <u>(5)</u> out or <u>(6)</u> convenience foods, such as frozen pizzas and instant noodles. These foods <u>(7)</u> more fat, salt and sugar than home-cooked meals. Experts say that eating too much of them <u>(8)</u> the risk of serious health problems, including diabetes and heart disease.

However, the trend towards convenience foods <u>(9)</u> benefitting some business sectors. Supermarkets are <u>(10)</u> to the higher demand for quick, easy-to-serve meals by increasing their selection of convenience and pre-packaged foods. These products often <u>(11)</u> for higher prices than fresh food. Restaurants also <u>(12)</u> from the trend: most Hong Kong people now <u>(13)</u> out at least once a day.

Is convenience food just a fad or is home-cooked food (14) a thing of the past? How (15) this trend affecting our health?

1	A B C	spending spends spent	6	A B C	bought buys buy	11	A B C	sells sell selling
2	A B C	work works working	7	A B C	containing contains contain	12	A B C	profit profiting profits
3	A B C	is are be	8	A B C	increase increasing increases	13	A B C	eat ate were eating
4	A B C	has have had	9	A B C	is are be	14	A B C	become became becoming
5	A B C	eating eats eat	10	A B C	respond responded responding	15	A B C	does is have

Graded grammar workshe	eets	Allswers	PROGRESS 4 Unit 1
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1	A B C D	are spending will spend spent spends	6	A B C D	bought buying buy be buying	11	A B C D	sells sell selling sold
2	A B C D	be working are working works worked	7	A B C D	containing contains contained contain	12	A B C D	be profiting profit were profiting profits
3	A B C D	is joining are joining will join joining	8	A B C D	increased increases increasing increase	13	A B C D	were eating have eaten eat ate
4	A B C D	have had had having have	9	A B C D	are benefitting benefitted will be is benefitting	14	A B C D	becoming become became is becoming
5	A B C D	be eating eats eat eaing	10	A B C D	responding are responding responds will respond	15	A B C D	affect affecting affected affects

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4	A B C D	have had had having have	9	A B C D	are benefitting benefitted will be is benefitting	14 (A) B C D	becoming become became is becoming
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